



ALVEY TREE CONSULTING LLC

ALEXIS ALVEY -

ISA BOARD CERTIFIED MASTER ARBORIST®

#NY-5539B

Arborist Report

94 Palm Avenue

Miami Beach

11/14/2022



Arborist Report

11/14/2022

On November 3rd 2022, I visited the property located at 94 Palm Avenue at the request of Inspirata Management Company. I evaluated the trees on the site in anticipation of new construction. For each tree, I identified species, location, and size (Height, Spread, DBH); evaluated condition (Poor, Fair, Good); determined disposition (Remove, Remain, Relocate); determined the Tree Protection Zone for trees to remain; provided relevant comments about health and disposition; and took photographs. There are no street trees. This report shall in no shape or form be construed as a tree risk assessment which is beyond the scope of work written in the contractual agreement.

Please feel free to contact me should any questions arise. Thank-you for the opportunity to assist in this manner.



Alexis Alvey
ISA Board Certified Master Arborist® #NY-5539B

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Property Location -

94 Palm Avenue
Miami Beach, FL 33139

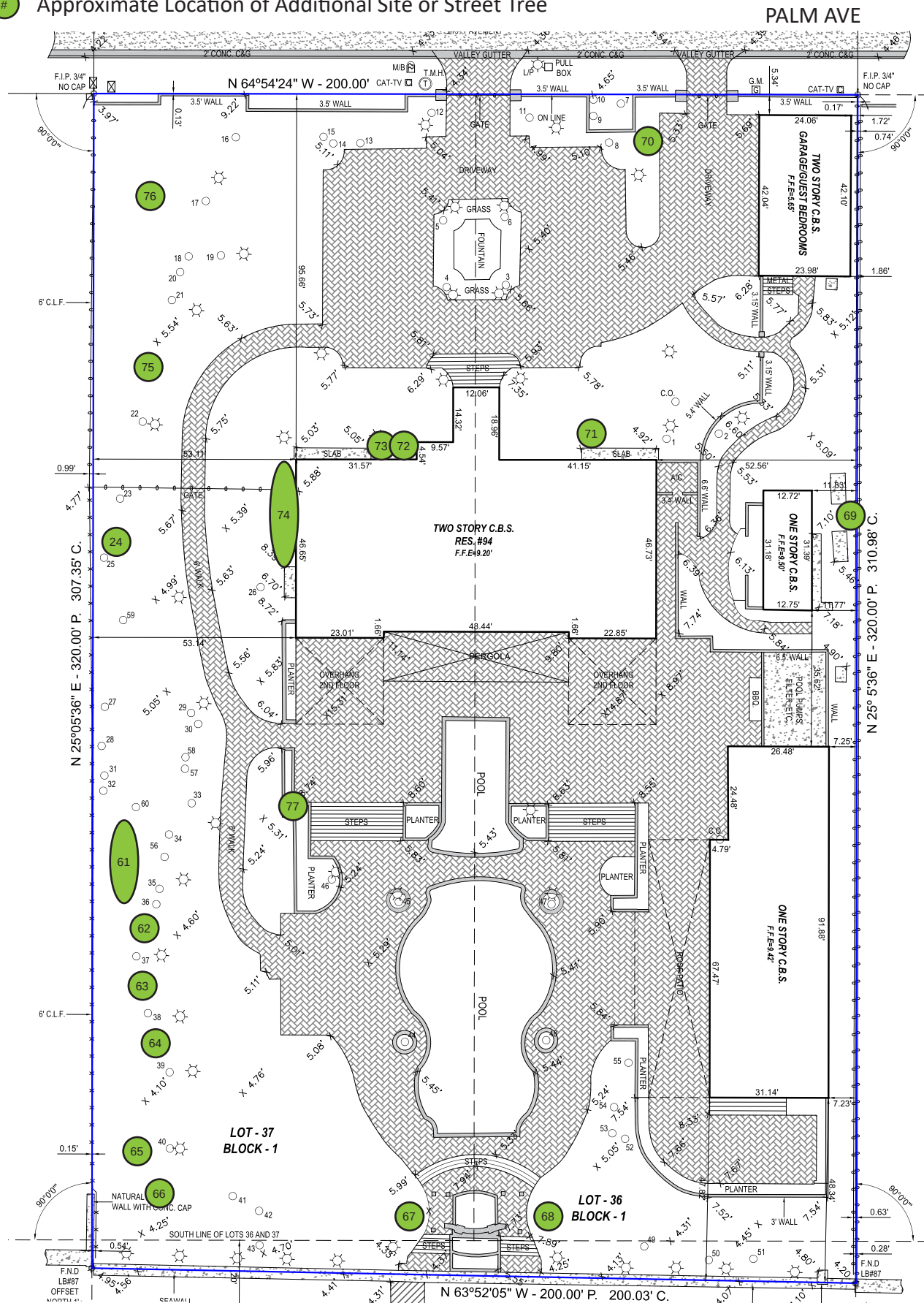
Client -

Inspirata Management Company
3921 Alton Road
Miami Beach, FL 33140

Tree Location Diagram

NOT TO SCALE

Approximate Location of Additional Site or Street Tree



Tree #1

Common Name -
PODOCARPUS

DBH (in) - 5, 8

Height (ft) - 30

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
PODOCARPUS MACROPHYLLUS

Canopy Spread (ft) - 10

Disposition -



Tree #1 is a Podocarpus located at the front of the house. It is double-trunked and in good condition. The foliage is dense and healthy.

Tree #2

Common Name -
CHRISTMAS PALM (DOUBLE)

DBH (in) - 6, 6

Height (ft) - 30

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
ADONIDIA MERRILLII

Canopy Spread (ft) - 10

Disposition -



Tree #2 is a double Christmas Palm located at the front of the house. It is in good condition with one lower dead frond.

Tree #3

Common Name -
ROYAL PALM

DBH (in) - 21

Height (ft) - 50

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
YES

Scientific Name -
ROYSTONEA REGIA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #3 is a Royal Palm located next to the front fountain. It is in good condition.

Tree #4

Common Name -
ROYAL PALM

DBH (in) - 21

Height (ft) - 50

Condition -
FAIR

Native? -
YES

Scientific Name -
ROYSTONEA REGIA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #4 is a Royal Palm located next to the front fountain. It is in fair condition with a pencilling trunk.

Tree #5

Common Name -
ROYAL PALM

DBH (in) - 21

Height (ft) - 50

Condition -
FAIR

Native? -
YES

Scientific Name -
ROYSTONEA REGIA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #5 is a Royal Palm located next to the front fountain. It is in fair condition with a pencilling trunk.

Tree #6

Common Name -
ROYAL PALM

DBH (in) - 21

Height (ft) - 50

Condition -
FAIR

Native? -
YES

Scientific Name -
ROYSTONEA REGIA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #6 is a Royal Palm located next to the front fountain. It is in fair condition with a pencilling trunk.

Tree #7

Common Name -
CANARY ISLAND DATE PALM

DBH (in) - 18
Height (ft) - 40

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
PHOENIX CANARIENSIS

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #7 is a Canary Island Date Palm located at the front of the property. It is in good condition. Vines are growing on the trunk.

Tree #8

Common Name -
CANARY ISLAND DATE PALM

DBH (in) - 18
Height (ft) - 40

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
PHOENIX CANARIENSIS

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #8 is a Canary Island Date Palm located at the front of the property. It is in good condition. Vines are growing on the trunk.

Tree #9

Common Name -
DATE PALM

DBH (in) - 18
Height (ft) - 30

Condition -
FAIR

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
PHOENIX DACTYLIFERA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 10

Disposition -



Tree #9 is a Date Palm located at the front of the property. It is in fair condition and is competing with the nearby trees. Vines are on the trunk.

Tree #10

Common Name -
DATE PALM

DBH (in) - 21
Height (ft) - 30

Condition -
FAIR

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
PHOENIX DACTYLIFERA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 10

Disposition -



Tree #10 is a Date Palm located at the front of the property. It is in fair condition and is competing with the nearby trees. Vines are on the trunk.

Tree #11

Common Name -
DATE PALM

DBH (in) - 21
Height (ft) - 40

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
PHOENIX DACTYLIFERA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #11 is a Date Palm located at the front entrance. It is in good condition. Vines are on the trunk.

Tree #12

Common Name -
DATE PALM

DBH (in) - 21
Height (ft) - 40

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
PHOENIX DACTYLIFERA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #12 is a Date Palm located at the front entrance. It is in good condition. Vines are on the trunk.

Tree #13

Common Name -
WEeping FIG

DBH (in) - 14

Height (ft) - 15

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
FICUS BENJAMINA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #13 is a Weeping Fig located at the front of the property. It is multi-trunked and in good condition. The canopy has been shaped. There is thrips damage to the foliage.

Tree #14

Common Name -
ROYAL PALM

DBH (in) - 21

Height (ft) - 50

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
YES

Scientific Name -
ROYSTONEA REGIA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 20

Disposition -



Tree #14 is a Royal Palm located at the front of the property. It is in good condition.

Tree #15

Common Name -
WASHINGTONIA PALM

DBH (in) - 18

Height (ft) - 50

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
WASHINGTONIA ROBUSTA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 12

Disposition -



Tree #15 is a Washingtonia Palm located at the front of the property. It is in good condition.

Tree #16

Common Name -
WEEPING FIG

DBH (in) - 12

Height (ft) - 15

Condition -
FAIR

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
FICUS BENJAMINA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #16 is a Weeping Fig located towards the northwest corner of the property. It is in fair condition. The canopy has been shaped and there is thrips damage to the foliage.

Tree #17

Common Name -
COCONUT PALM

DBH (in) - 12

Height (ft) - 30

Condition -
FAIR

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
COCOS NUCIFERA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #17 is a Coconut Palm located towards the northwest corner of the property. It is in fair condition with a thin canopy and yellowing fronds.

Tree #18

Common Name -
COCONUT PALM

DBH (in) - 12

Height (ft) - 20

Condition -
FAIR

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
COCOS NUCIFERA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #18 is a Coconut Palm located towards the northwest corner of the property. It is in fair condition with yellow spotting on the fronds.

Tree #19

Common Name -
COCONUT PALM

DBH (in) - 12

Height (ft) - 30

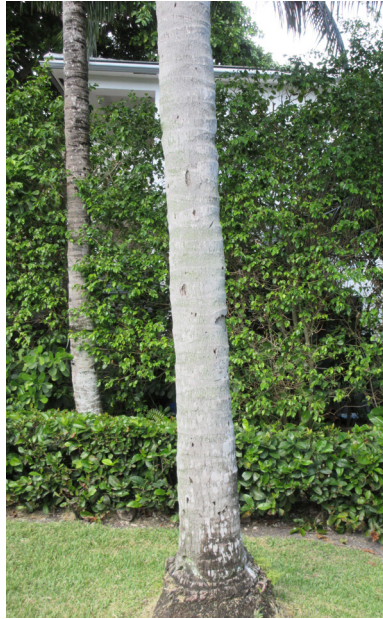
Condition -
FAIR

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
COCOS NUCIFERA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #19 is a Coconut Palm located towards the northwest corner of the property. It is in fair condition with a thin canopy. There are climbing spike injuries to the trunk.

Tree #20

Common Name -
COCONUT PALM

DBH (in) - 12

Height (ft) - 25

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
COCOS NUCIFERA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #20 is a Coconut Palm located towards the northwest corner of the property. It is in good condition.

Tree #21

Common Name -
ROYAL PALM

DBH (in) - 21

Height (ft) - 45

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
YES

Scientific Name -
ROYSTONEA REGIA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 20

Disposition -



Tree #21 is a Royal Palm located towards the northwest corner of the property. It is in good condition.

Tree #22

Common Name -
CHINESE FAN PALM

DBH (in) - 8

Height (ft) - 25

Condition -
FAIR

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
LIVISTONA CHINENSIS

Canopy Spread (ft) - 10

Disposition -



Tree #22 is a Chinese Fan Palm located on the west side of the property. It is in fair condition with a kinked trunk.

Tree #23

Common Name -
SABAL PALM

DBH (in) - 12

Height (ft) - 15

Condition -
POOR

Native? -
YES

Scientific Name -
SABAL PALMETTO

Canopy Spread (ft) - 7

Disposition -



Tree #23 is a Sabal Palm located on the west side of the property. It is in poor condition with a sharply pencilling trunk. Little canopy remains.

Tree #24

Common Name -
ROYAL PALM

DBH (in) - 21

Height (ft) - 50

Condition -
FAIR

Native? -
YES

Scientific Name -
ROYSTONEA REGIA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 20

Disposition -



Tree #24 is a Royal Palm located on the west side of the property. It is in fair condition with a pencilling trunk and frizzled foliage.

Tree #25

Common Name -
ROYAL PALM

DBH (in) - 21

Height (ft) - 45

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
YES

Scientific Name -
ROYSTONEA REGIA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 20

Disposition -



Tree #25 is a Royal Palm located on the west side of the property. It is directly next to Royal Palm #24 and is in good condition.

Tree #26

Common Name -
ROYAL PALM

DBH (in) - 21

Height (ft) - 55

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
YES

Scientific Name -
ROYSTONEA REGIA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 20

Disposition -



Tree #26 is a Royal Palm located on the west side of the house. It is in good condition.

Tree #27

Common Name -
ROYAL PALM

DBH (in) - 21

Height (ft) - 50

Condition -
FAIR

Native? -
YES

Scientific Name -
ROYSTONEA REGIA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #27 is a Royal Palm located on the west side of the property. It is in fair condition with a pencilling trunk.

Tree #28

Common Name -
ALEXANDER PALM (TRIPLE)

DBH (in) - 3, 3, 3

Height (ft) - 20

Condition -
FAIR

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
PTYCHOSPERMA ELEGANS

Canopy Spread (ft) - 10

Disposition -



Tree #28 is a triple Alexander Palm located on the west side of the property. It is in fair condition.

Tree #29

Common Name -
WASHINGTONIA PALM (DOUBLE)

DBH (in) - 12, 14
Height (ft) - 50

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
WASHINGTONIA ROBUSTA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #29 is a double Washingtonia Palm located on the west side of the property. It is in good condition.

Tree #30

Common Name -
WASHINGTONIA PALM (DOUBLE)

DBH (in) - 10, 10
Height (ft) - 30

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
WASHINGTONIA ROBUSTA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #30 is a double Washingtonia Palm located on the west side of the property. It is in good condition.

Tree #31

Common Name -
ROYAL PALM

DBH (in) - 21

Height (ft) - 40

Condition -
FAIR

Native? -
YES

Scientific Name -
ROYSTONEA REGIA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #31 is a Royal Palm located on the west side of the property. It is in fair condition with a trunk that is narrowing.

Tree #32

Common Name -
ROYAL PALM

DBH (in) - 16

Height (ft) - 35

Condition -
FAIR

Native? -
YES

Scientific Name -
ROYSTONEA REGIA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #32 is a Royal Palm located on the border of the western neighbor's property. The propertyline chainlink fence is separated due to the tree. It is in fair condition.

Tree #33

Common Name -
CHINESE FAN PALM

DBH (in) - 8

Height (ft) - 25

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
LIVISTONA CHINENSIS

Canopy Spread (ft) - 12

Disposition -



Tree #33 is a Chinese Fan Palm located on the western side of the property. It is in good condition.

Tree #34

Common Name -
CHINESE FAN PALM

DBH (in) - 8

Height (ft) - 25

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
LIVISTONA CHINENSIS

Canopy Spread (ft) - 12

Disposition -



Tree #34 is a Chinese Fan Palm located on the western side of the property. It is in good condition.

Tree #35

Common Name -
CHINESE FAN PALM

DBH (in) - 10

Height (ft) - 20

Condition -
FAIR

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
LIVISTONA CHINENSIS

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #35 is a Chinese Fan Palm located on the western side of the property. It is in fair condition with off-color fronds.

Tree #36

Common Name -
ROYAL PALM

DBH (in) - 21

Height (ft) - 40

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
YES

Scientific Name -
ROYSTONEA REGIA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #36 is a Royal Palm located on the western side of the property. It is in good condition.

Tree #37

Common Name -
ROYAL PALM

DBH (in) - 21

Height (ft) - 38

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
YES

Scientific Name -
ROYSTONEA REGIA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #37 is a Royal Palm located on the western side of the property. It is in good condition. The lower fronds have been overpruned.

Tree #38

Common Name -
ROYAL PALM

DBH (in) - 21

Height (ft) - 38

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
YES

Scientific Name -
ROYSTONEA REGIA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #38 is a Royal Palm located on the western side of the property. It is in good condition. The lower fronds have been overpruned.

Tree #39

Common Name -
ROYAL PALM

DBH (in) - 21

Height (ft) - 40

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
YES

Scientific Name -
ROYSTONEA REGIA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #39 is a Royal Palm located on the western side of the property. It is in good condition.

Tree #40

Common Name -
WASHINGTONIA PALM

DBH (in) - 8

Height (ft) - 43

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
WASHINGTONIA ROBUSTA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #40 is a Washingtonia Palm located towards the southwest corner of the property. It is in good condition.

Tree #41

Common Name -
COCONUT PALM

DBH (in) - 12

Height (ft) - 30

Condition -
FAIR

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
COCOS NUCIFERA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #41 is a Coconut Palm located towards the southwest corner of the property. It is in fair condition with yellowing fronds and nails in the trunk.

Tree #42

Common Name -
COCONUT PALM

DBH (in) - 12

Height (ft) - 28

Condition -
FAIR

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
COCOS NUCIFERA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #42 is a Coconut Palm located towards the southwest corner of the property. It is in fair condition with yellowing fronds.

Tree #43

Common Name -
COCONUT PALM

DBH (in) - 12

Height (ft) - 30

Condition -
FAIR

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
COCOS NUCIFERA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #43 is a Coconut Palm located towards the southwest corner of the property. It is in fair condition with yellowing fronds and nails in the trunk. There is a trunk constriction.

Tree #44

Common Name -
DATE PALM

DBH (in) - 16

Height (ft) - 35

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
PHOENIX DACTYLIFERA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 10

Disposition -



Tree #44 is a Date Palm located next to the pool. It is growing in a raised planter with limited rooting space. The tree is good condition.

Tree #45

Common Name -
DATE PALM

DBH (in) - 16

Height (ft) - 35

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
PHOENIX DACTYLIFERA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 10

Disposition -



Tree #45 is a Date Palm located next to the pool. It is growing in a raised planter with limited rooting space. The tree is good condition.

Tree #46

Common Name -
ROYAL PALM

DBH (in) - 16

Height (ft) - 40

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
YES

Scientific Name -
ROYSTONEA REGIA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 18

Disposition -



Tree #46 is a Royal Palm located next to the pool. It is in good condition.

Tree #47

Common Name -
DATE PALM

DBH (in) - 16

Height (ft) - 35

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
PHOENIX DACTYLIFERA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #47 is a Date Palm located next to the pool. It is growing in a raised planter with limited rooting space. The tree is good condition.

Tree #48

Common Name -
DATE PALM

DBH (in) - 16

Height (ft) - 35

Condition -
FAIR

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
PHOENIX DACTYLIFERA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 10

Disposition -



Tree #48 is a Date Palm located next to the pool. It is growing in a raised planter with limited rooting space. The tree is fair condition with a pencilling trunk.

Tree #49

Common Name -
COCONUT PALM

DBH (in) - 12

Height (ft) - 20

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
COCOS NUCIFERA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #49 is a Coconut Palm located in the southeast corner of the property. It is in good condition with some trunk irregularities.

Tree #50

Common Name -
COCONUT PALM

DBH (in) - 12

Height (ft) - 30

Condition -
FAIR

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
COCOS NUCIFERA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #50 is a Coconut Palm located in the southeast corner of the property. It is in fair condition with a thin canopy.

Tree #51

Common Name -
COCONUT PALM

DBH (in) - 12

Height (ft) - 20

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
COCOS NUCIFERA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #51 is a Coconut Palm located in the southeast corner of the property. It is in good condition with some trunk irregularities.

Tree #52

Common Name -
WASHINGTONIA PALM

DBH (in) - 14

Height (ft) - 35

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
WASHINGTONIA ROBUSTA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 10

Disposition -



Tree #52 is a Washingtonia Palm located towards the southeast corner of the property. It is in good condition. There are climbing spike injuries to the trunk.

Tree #53

Common Name -
WASHINGTONIA PALM

DBH (in) - 14

Height (ft) - 35

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
WASHINGTONIA ROBUSTA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 10

Disposition -



Tree #53 is a Washingtonia Palm located towards the southeast corner of the property. It is in good condition. There are climbing spike injuries to the trunk.

Tree #54

Common Name -
ROYAL PALM

DBH (in) - 21

Height (ft) - 45

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
YES

Scientific Name -
ROYSTONEA REGIA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #54 is a Royal Palm located towards the southeast corner of the property. It is in good condition.

Tree #55

Common Name -
ROYAL PALM

DBH (in) - 21

Height (ft) - 40

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
YES

Scientific Name -
ROYSTONEA REGIA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #55 is a Royal Palm located towards the southeast corner of the property. It is in good condition.

Tree #56

Common Name -
ROYAL PALM

DBH (in) - 15

Height (ft) - 40

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
YES

Scientific Name -
ROYSTONEA REGIA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #56 is a Royal Palm located on the western side of the property. It is in good condition.

Tree #57

Common Name -
PAUROTIS PALM

DBH (in) - CLUSTER

Height (ft) - 18

Condition -
FAIR

Native? -
YES

Scientific Name -
ACOELORRHAPHE WRIGHTII

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #57 is a Purotis Palm located on the western side of the property. It is in fair condition and is competing with the nearby trees.

Tree #58

Common Name -
COCONUT PALM

DBH (in) - 8

Height (ft) - 12

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
COCOS NUCIFERA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #58 is a small Coconut Palm located on the western side of the property. It is in good condition.

Tree #59

Common Name -
SABAL PALM

DBH (in) - 10

Height (ft) - 20

Condition -
FAIR

Native? -
YES

Scientific Name -
SABAL PALMETTO

Canopy Spread (ft) - 10

Disposition -



Tree #59 is a Sabal Palm located on the western side of the property. It is in fair condition with a thin, off-color canopy.

Tree #60

Common Name -
WASHINGTONIA PALM

DBH (in) - 8

Height (ft) - 30

Condition -
POOR

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
WASHINGTONIA ROBUSTA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 10

Disposition -



Tree #60 is a Washingtonia Palm located on the western side of the property. It is in poor condition with a thin canopy. The trunk narrows and curves. The tree is competing with the nearby vegetation.

Tree #61

Common Name -
ALEXANDER PALMS (9)

DBH (in) - 3 EACH

Height (ft) - 20

Condition -
FAIR

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
PTYCHOSPERMA ELEGANS

Canopy Spread (ft) - 10

Disposition -



Tree #61 is a cluster of nine Alexander Palms located on the western side of the property. Overall they are in fair condition and are competing with the nearby vegetation.

Tree #62

Common Name -
WEEPING FIG

DBH (in) - 10

Height (ft) - 12

Condition -
FAIR

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
FICUS BENJAMINA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 10

Disposition -



Tree #62 is a Weeping Fig located on the western side of the property. It is multi-trunked and in fair condition. The canopy has been shaped and there is thrips damage to the foliage.

Tree #63

Common Name -
WEEPING FIG

DBH (in) - 10

Height (ft) - 15

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
FICUS BENJAMINA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #63 is a Weeping Fig located on the western side of the property. It is multi-trunked and in good condition. The canopy has been shaped and there is thrips damage to the foliage.

Tree #64

Common Name -
WEEPING FIG

DBH (in) - 10

Height (ft) - 15

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
FICUS BENJAMINA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #64 is a Weeping Fig located on the western side of the property. It is multi-trunked and in good condition. The canopy has been shaped and there is thrips damage to the foliage.

Tree #65

Common Name -
COCONUT PALM

DBH (in) - 7

Height (ft) - 30

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
COCOS NUCIFERA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #65 is a Coconut Palm located in the southwestern corner of the property. It is in good condition.

Tree #66

Common Name -
CHRISTMAS PALM

DBH (in) - 6

Height (ft) - 20

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
ADONIDIA MERRILLII

Canopy Spread (ft) - 8

Disposition -



Tree #66 is a Christmas Palm located in the southwestern corner of the property. It is in good condition with some yellow spotting on the fronds.

Tree #67

Common Name -
PAUROTIS PALM

DBH (in) - CLUSTER

Height (ft) - 18

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
YES

Scientific Name -
ACOELORRHAPHE WRIGHTII

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #67 is a Paurotis Palm located at the rear of the property. It is in good condition.

Tree #68

Common Name -
PAUROTIS PALM

DBH (in) - CLUSTER

Height (ft) - 18

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
YES

Scientific Name -
ACOELORRHAPHE WRIGHTII

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #68 is a Paurotis Palm located at the rear of the property. It is in good condition.

Tree #69

Common Name -
COCONUT PALM

DBH (in) - 10

Height (ft) - 30

Condition -
FAIR

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
COCOS NUCIFERA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #69 is a Coconut Palm located on the eastern side of the property. It is in fair condition with climbing spike injuries to the trunk. The canopy overhangs the eastern neighbor's property.

Tree #70

Common Name -
JAPANESE PRIVET

DBH (in) - 10

Height (ft) - 15

Condition -
FAIR

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
LIGUSTRUM JAPONICUM

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #70 is a Japanese Privet located at the front of the property. It is multi-trunked and in fair condition. The canopy has been shaped.

Tree #71

Common Name -
PODOCARPUS

DBH (in) - 8

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
PODOCARPUS MACROPHYLLUS

Canopy Spread (ft) - 10

Disposition -



Tree #71 is a Podocarpus located at the front of the house. It is in good condition with dense foliage.

Tree #72

Common Name -
PODOCARPUS

DBH (in) - 8

Condition -
FAIR

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
PODOCARPUS MACROPHYLLUS

Canopy Spread (ft) - 5

Disposition -



Tree #72 is a Podocarpus located at the front of the house. It is in fair condition and has limited growing space.

Tree #73

Common Name -
PODOCARPUS

DBH (in) - 10

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
PODOCARPUS MACROPHYLLUS

Canopy Spread (ft) - 10

Disposition -



Tree #73 is a Podocarpus located at the front of the house. It is in good condition with dense foliage.

Tree #74

Common Name -
PODOCARPUS HEDGE

DBH (in) - CLUSTER

Condition -
GOOD

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
PODOCARPUS MACROPHYLLUS

Canopy Spread (ft) - 10

Disposition -



Tree #74 is a Podocarpus hedge located on the western side of the house. It is in good condition.

Tree #75

Common Name -
WEeping FIG

DBH (in) - 10

Height (ft) - 18

Condition -
FAIR

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
FICUS BENJAMINA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 15

Disposition -



Tree #75 is a Weeping Fig located on the western side of the property. It is multi-trunked and in fair condition. The canopy has been shaped and there is thrips damage to the foliage.

Tree #76

Common Name -
WEeping FIG

DBH (in) - 10

Height (ft) - 23

Condition -
FAIR

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
FICUS BENJAMINA

Canopy Spread (ft) - 18

Disposition -



Tree #76 is a Weeping Fig located on the western side of the property. It is multi-trunked and in fair condition. The canopy is thin and there is thrips damage to the foliage.

Tree #77

Common Name -
JAPANESE PRIVET

DBH (in) - 8

Height (ft) - 12

Condition -
FAIR

Native? -
NO

Scientific Name -
LIGUSTRUM JAPONICUM

Canopy Spread (ft) - 12

Disposition -



Tree #77 is a Japanese Privet located in a raised planter in the backyard. It is multi-trunked and in fair condition. The canopy has been shaped.

Notes - TPZ Calculations & Tree and Palm Relocation

Tree Protection Zone (TPZ) -

- For trees and palms that are to remain, protective barriers shall be placed at the dripline or 10ft radius from the trunk, whichever is greater.
- For trees and palms that are relocated, protective barriers shall be placed at the dripline or 1 - 2ft outside the rootball, whichever is greater.

Tree and Palm Relocation Notes -

1. All phases of transplanting trees and palms to be performed or supervised by Certified Arborist.
2. Trees to be relocated shall be root pruned six to eight weeks prior to transplanting. Landscape Contractor shall maintain transplanted material during construction period by watering, moving, spraying, fertilizing, and pruning.
3. Landscape Contractor is responsible for verifying locations of all underground and overhead utilities and easements prior to commencing work. All utility companies and/or the General Contractor shall be notified to verify locations prior to digging. Utility trenching is to be coordinated with the Landscape Contractor prior to beginning of project. The Owner and Certified Arborist shall not be responsible for damage to utility or irrigation lines.
4. The Landscape Contractor shall comply with all local and state codes and shall be responsible for obtaining all applicable permits.
5. The Landscape Contractor shall regularly inspect the relocated material to ensure compliance with standard horticultural practices.
6. The Landscape Contractor is responsible for guaranteeing the transplanted trees and palms for a period of one year. At the time of the final inspection all transplanted trees and palms that are not in viable condition shall be replaced by the Landscape Contractor.
7. The Landscape Contractor shall take all precautions to minimize shock of root pruning and transplanting in accordance with standard arboriculture practices.
8. The diameter of the root ball to be transplanted shall follow the guidelines set forth in the latest edition of the Florida Grades and Standards for Nursery Plants.
9. Roots shall be cleanly cut with a sharp spade, hand saw, chainsaw, or other approved root-pruning equipment.
10. Trees shall not be pruned at transplanting to compensate for root loss. Any pruning required shall be as per the ANSI A300 Standards.
11. For all palms except Sabal palmetto, only dead fronds shall be removed. Sabal palmetto shall have all fronds cut without damaging the bud. Fronds shall be securely tied around the bud prior to relocation and shall be untied after placement in the new planting hole. The bud shall be protected from damage or injury during relocation.
12. After root pruning trees, backfill roots to original existing grade with existing soil free of any deleterious material to root growth.
13. Provide a layer of 3" mulch over backfill area to prevent weed growth, conserve moisture and prevent evaporation. Keep mulch 6" away from the trunk.
14. Provide tree protection as per Landscape Architect's Tree Protection Detail to ensure that the tree or root system is not damaged during the root-pruning period.
15. After root pruning and prior to relocation, tree(s) shall be watered a minimum of twice weekly.
16. Transplanting shall occur within 24 hours after being dug for relocation. The root ball shall be kept moist.
17. Digging and preparation of the new hole for the transplant shall be done prior to removing the tree from the existing location.
18. The depth of the new hole shall be equal to the depth of the root ball and the width shall be equal to two to three times the width of the root ball.
19. Trees and palms shall be lifted from the ground with heavy equipment designed specifically for tree relocation so that the trunk and crown is not impacted and damaged by the equipment.
20. The slings used to lift the trees and large palms shall be non-binding nylon slings that are wrapped under the root ball to support the weight of tree or palm. Slings shall not be solely wrapped around the trunk of the tree. Padding the sling may be necessary so that the trunk is not damaged.

Notes - Tree and Palm Relocation (Contd.)

21. Trees and palms shall be planted so that the top of the rootball is flush with the existing grade. Ensure that deep planting does not occur. The tree and palm shall be centrally positioned in the planting hole and set straight, plumb or normal to the growth pattern prior to transplanting.
22. Transplanted trees and palms shall be backfilled with a uniform mix of 25% fully decomposed compost and 75% existing site soil cleaned free of weeds and rocks.
23. Trees and palms shall be watered to eliminate air pockets in the backfill mix prior to mulching.
24. A 4" soil berm shall be created around the edge of the planting hole to hold water, or as per the Landscape Architect's Planting Details.
25. Install tree and palm bracing as per the Landscape Architect's Planting Details, to ensure stability of trees and palms.
26. After transplanting trees and palms, the Landscape Contractor shall be responsible for watering to maintain soil moisture during the guarantee period. The following schedule is suggested: First month - Daily; Second month - 3 times per week; Third and Fourth month - 2 times per week; Last Eight months - 1 time per week. For trees over 4" in caliper at the time of planting, the suggested schedule is: First 6 weeks - Daily; from 1.5 months to 6 months - 3 times per week, last 6 months - 1 time per week.

Notes - Tree and Palm Protection

1. Fences shall be erected to protect trees and palms to be preserved. Fences define a specific protection zone for each tree or group of trees. Fences shall be installed prior to the beginning of construction and are to remain until all site work has been completed. Fences may not be relocated or removed without the written permission of the Arborist. Refer to the Landscape Architect's Tree Protection Detail.
2. Construction trailers, traffic, and storage areas must remain outside fenced areas at all times.
3. All underground utilities and drain or irrigation lines shall be routed outside the tree protection zone. If lines must traverse the protection area, disturbance shall be minimized by using techniques such as tunneling or boring.
4. No materials, equipment, spoil, or waste or washout water may be deposited, stored, or parked within the tree protection zone.
5. Additional tree pruning required for clearance during construction must be approved by the Certified Arborist and shall be performed by trained arborists, not by construction personnel.
6. If injury should occur to any tree during construction, it should be evaluated as soon as possible by the Landscape Contractor and the Certified Arborist should be notified immediately.
7. Any grading, construction, demolition, or other work that is expected to encounter tree roots must be monitored by the Landscape Contractor.
8. All trees shall be irrigated at least two times a week. Each irrigation session shall wet the soil within the tree protection zone to a depth of 30 inches.
9. Before grading, pad preparation, or excavation for foundations, footings, walls, or trenching near trees the trees shall be root pruned at the edge of the tree protection zone by cutting all roots cleanly to a depth of 36 inches. Roots shall be cut manually by digging a trench and cutting exposed roots with a saw, vibrating knife, rock saw, narrow trencher with sharp blades, or other approved root-pruning equipment.
10. Any roots damaged during grading or construction shall be exposed to sound tissue and cut cleanly with a saw.
11. Spoil from trenches, basements, or other excavations shall not be placed within the tree protection zone, either temporarily or permanently.
12. No burn piles or debris pits shall be placed within the tree protection zone. No ashes, debris, or garbage may be dumped or buried within the tree protection zone.
13. Maintain fire-safe areas around the fences. Also, no heat sources, flames, ignition sources, or smoking is allowed near mulch or trees.
14. Protective barriers shall be placed around each tree, cluster of trees, or the edge of the preservation area at the specified distance. Protective barriers shall be a minimum of four feet above ground level and shall be constructed of wood, plastic, or metal, and shall remain in place until development is completed. Protective barriers shall be in place prior to the start of any construction.
15. Understory plants within protective barriers shall be protected.
16. No excess oil, fill, equipment, building materials or building debris shall be placed within the areas surrounded by protective barriers, nor shall there be disposal of any waste material such as paints, oils, solvents, asphalt, concrete, mortar or any other material harmful to trees or understory plants within the areas surrounded by protective barriers.
17. Trees shall not be braced in such a fashion as to scar, penetrate, perforate or otherwise inflict damage to the tree.
18. Natural grade shall be maintained within protective barriers. In the event that the natural grade of the site is changed as a result of site development such that the safety of the tree may be endangered, tree wells or retaining walls are required.
19. Fences and walls shall be constructed to avoid disturbance to any protected tree. Post holes and trenches located close to trees shall be dug by hand and adjusted as necessary, using techniques such as discontinuous footings, to avoid damage to major roots.

Note: Trees inherently pose a certain degree of hazard and risk from breakage, failure or other causes and conditions. Recommendations that are made are intended to minimize or reduce such hazardous conditions. However, there can be no guarantee or warranty that efforts to discover or correct unsafe conditions will prevent future breakage or failure, nor can there be any guarantee that all hazardous conditions have been detected. The client should not infer that a tree is safe either because services have been recommended or done to reduce risk, or because no services have been recommended or done on a specific tree. The client assumes any and all risks associated with pursuing consultant's advice and fully understands that he or she is engaged in securing professional consultation regarding the above-mentioned property.